Read the plan, stay informed and learn more at www.michigan.gov/asiancarp. Michigan is networking with other agencies to address the Asian carp threat.

- Management
  - Assessment
  - Detection
- Communication
  - Prevention

The plan addresses:

of Asian carp to Michigan waters. The Michigan DNR has developed a comprehensive plan to prevent the introduction

What We're Doing:



carp jump out of the water as high as hve feet, potentially causing physical injury to people on Silver carp pose a hazard to boaters. The vibration caused by a boat propeller may make silver

#### Asian Carp Create a Safety Hazard

you caught it and when. You can play a role in helping us keep our waters great! online Asian carp reporting form, or call us at 517-373-1280. We'll want to know the details, such as where wants to hear from you. DO NOT release it! Please visit www.michigan.gov/asiancarp to fill out an If you believe you have seen or caught an Asian carp, or you have found one in your bait bucket, the DNR

> Report Asian Carp How You Can Help:

 Eyes sit even with the mouth • Have large scales that appear crosshatched • Can be more than 5 ft long and weigh more than 80 lbs. Grass Carp:

• Can weigh up to 60 lbs and exceed 3 ft in length

Eyes sit below the mouth

Adult Asian Carp illustrations by Joe Tomelleri.

Are light silver in color with a white belly

• Are smaller than the bighead

Silver Carp:

 Eyes sit below the mouth Adult fish are dark gray with dark blotches

• Have a very large head and toothless mouth

• Can consume up to 40% of their body weight daily • Can weigh up to 90 lbs and be nearly 5 ft in length

Bighead Carp:

The bighead and silver carp present the most severe threat to Michigan waters.

Learn to Identify Asian Carp How You Can Help:

### **Other Resources:**

www.michigan.gov/asiancarp www.miseagrant.umich.edu/ais www.glfc.org www.asiancarp.org www.iisgcp.org/asiancarp





The Department of Natural Resources and Environment is committed to the conservation, protection, management, and accessible use and enjoyment of the state's environment, natural resources, and related economic interests for current and future generations.

# Asian Carp

Know the facts and learn how you can help





Recognize carp and protect our waters from them www.michigan.gov/asiancarp



### Asian Carp are Moving Toward Michigan

Asian carp were brought to North America in the 1970s primarily to eat algae in aquaculture ponds. They escaped from the ponds into the Mississippi and Illinois rivers and are migrating toward Lake Michigan.

There are four species of Asian carp that threaten Michigan waters:

- Bighead
- Grass
- Silver
- Black

#### Asian Carp Threaten Our Native Fish

If these carp become established in Michigan waters, they will eat the food supply that our native fish depend on and crowd them out of their habitat. This will greatly reduce your chance to catch your favorite game fish.

### Asian carp:

- Are fast growing
- · Can weigh up to 100 lbs.
- Reproduce rapidly
- Have large appetites
- Eat plankton, which our native fish depend upon for food

# How You Can Help:

## Don't Dump Your Bait!

By law it's illegal to dump live bait into any water body. Michigan DNR has an obligation to preserve and protect our resources.

"It is illegal to transport or possess live specimens of bighead, silver, grass or black carp." (Fisheries Order 209)

- Check your bait; baitfish can contain Asian carp
- Be aware and know what's in your bucket
- Identification of minnows and small carp can be confusing
- See reverse side of this brochure for bait identification
- DO NOT release baitfish into any body of water
- Dispose of any unwanted bait into the trash, not into the water



P8100 (12/2010) FSH

### Don't Confuse Young Asian Carp with these Common Michigan Species! **Common Minnows** Juvenile Asian Carp



Juvenile Bighead Carp

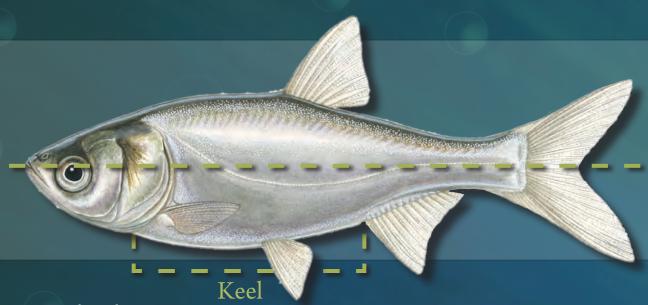
Color / Markings: Silvery, with mottled dark blotches (especially on back), upturned mouth

**Length:** 2 - 4 inches is common bait size

Keel: (Ridge on the underbelly) Prominent, extending from anal fin to pelvic fins

(mid-body), no scales **Scales:** Very small (fine)

**Eyes:** Small, positioned below line extending from tail to snout (See dotted line above)



### Juvenile Silver Carp

Color / Markings: Silvery, without dark blotches or coloration on back, upturned mouth **Length:** 2 - 4 inches is common bait size

**Keel:** (Ridge on the underbelly) Prominent, extending from anal fin to gills, no scales Scales: Very small (fine)

**Eyes:** Positioned below line extending from tail to snout (See dotted line above)



### **Juvenile Grass Carp**

Color / Markings: Pale gray to gold coloration, scales show a prominent dark edge, giving a cross-hatched appearance, terminal to slightly downturned mouth

**Length:** 2 - 4 inches is common bait size

Keel: Absent

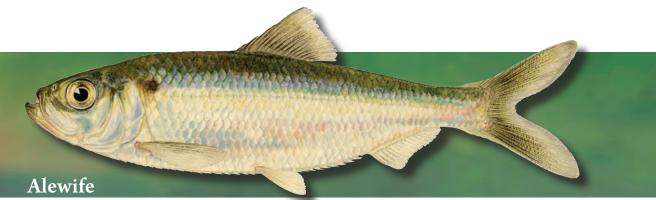
**Scales:** Intermediate to Large

Eyes: Positioned on line extending from tail to snout.

### **Check your bait!**

If you see Asian carp in your bait bucket, report it at www.michigan.gov/asiancarp or call 517-373-1280. Don't dump your bait, put them in the trash.

Juvenile Asian Carp illustrations by Emily Damstra.



**Color** / **Markings:** Silvery-green, darker blue-grey back, slightly upturned mouth

**Length:** 5-7 inches is common bait size

Keel: (Ridge on the underbelly)Prominent, extending from anal fin to gills, with scales that line up in a row to give it a sawtooth appearance

**Scales:** Intermediate to large

Eyes: Positioned on line extending from tail to snout



**Color** / **Markings:** Silver with green iridescence, terminal mouth

**Length:** 3-4 inches is common bait size

Keel: Absent

**Scales:** Intermediate to large

**Eyes:** Positioned on line extending from tail to snout



**Color** / **Markings:** Sides with greenish blue back, prominent dark spot on tail,

terminal mouth

Length: 3-4 inches is common bait size

**Keel:** Absent

**Scales:** Intermediate to large

**Eyes:** Positioned on line extending from tail to snout



**Color** / **Markings:** Gold or brassy, deep-bodied with a lateral line running along the sides and dipping down in the middle of the body, silvery/black lateral stripe in juveniles, terminal to slightly upturned mouth

**Length:** 3-7 inches is common bait size

Keel: (Ridge on the underbelly) Present, extending from anal fin to pelvic fins (mid-

body), no scales, less distinct than alewife and Asian carp

Scales: Intermediate to large

**Eyes:** Positioned on line extending from tail to snout